Operating Instructions

Process pressure transmitter IPT-1*

Foundation Fieldbus metallic sensor Version 3.0



Process pressure transmitter IPT-1*



GB

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Supplementary documentation

Information:Supplementation:

Supplementary documents appropriate to the ordered version come with the delivery. You can find them listed in chapter "*Product description*".

Instructions manuals for accessories and replacement parts

Tip:

1

To ensure reliable setup and operation of your IPT-1* Vers. 3.0, we offer accessories and replacement parts. The corresponding documentations are:

• Operating instructions manual "External display and adjustment unit"

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1 About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance and fault rectification. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained specialist personnel. The contents of this manual should be made available to these personnel and put into practice by them.

1.3 Symbolism used



Information, tip, note

This symbol indicates helpful additional information.

Caution: If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can result.



Warning: If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.

Danger: If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.



Ex applications

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

→ Action

This arrow indicates a single action.

1 Sequence of actions

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.



Battery disposal

This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of batteries and accumulators.

2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

Mount and set up the pressure transmitter only if you know the applicable national regulations and have the appropriate qualification. You must be aquainted with the regulations and instructions for hazardous areas, measurement and control technology as well as electrical circuits because the pressure transmitter is "electrical equipment" according to EN 50178. Depending on the application conditions, it is necessary that you have appropriate knowledge, e.g. concerning corrosive products or high pressure.

2.2 Appropriate use

IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 is a pressure transmitter for measurement of gauge pressure, absolute pressure and vacuum.

You can find detailed information on the application range in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of the instrument can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill or damage to system components through incorrect mounting or adjustment.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a high-tech instrument requiring the strict observance of standard regulations and guidelines. The user must take note of the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the country-specific installation standards as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.

The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for trouble-free operation of the instrument.

During the entire duration of use, the user is obliged to determine the compliance of the necessary occupational safety measures with the current valid rules and regulations and also take note of new regulations.

2.5 Safety label on the instrument

The safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must be observed.

2.6 CE conformity

This device fulfills the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. By attaching the CE mark, we provide confirmation of successful testing.

2.7 Measuring range - permissible process pressure

Due to the application, a measuring cell with a measuring range higher than the permissible pressure range of the process fitting may have been integrated. The permissible process pressure is stated with "Process pressure" on the type label, see chapter 3.1 "*Configuration*". For safety reasons, this range must not be exceeded.

2.8 Fulfillment of NAMUR recommendations

The device fulfills the requirements of the applicable NAMUR recommendations.

2.9 Safety instructions for Ex areas

Please note the Ex-specific safety information for installation and operation in Ex areas. These safety instructions are part of the operating instructions manual and come with the Ex-approved instruments.

2.10 Safety instructions for oxygen applications

For instruments in oxygen applications the special instructions in chapters "*Storage and transport*", "*Mounting*" as well as "*Technical data*" under "*Process conditions*" must be noted. Furthermore the valid national regulations, implementation instructions and memorandums of the professional assocations must be noted.

Scope of delivery

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 process pressure transmitter
- Documentation
 - this operating instructions manual
 - Operating instructions manual "Display and adjustment module" (optional)
 - Supplementary instructions manual "Plug connector for continuously measuring sensors" (optional)
 - Ex-specific "Safety instructions" (with Ex versions)
 - if necessary, further certificates

Supplementary label "Oil and grease-free for oxygen applications"

Instruments in the version "Oil and grease-free for oxygen applications" are equipped with a supplementary label. The supplementary label contains instructions on oil and grease-free parts of the instrument.

Constituent parts

The IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 consists of the components:

- Process fitting with measuring cell
- Housing with electronics, optionally available with plug connector
- Housing cover, optionally available with display and adjustment
 module

The components are available in different versions.



Fig. 1: Example of a IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 with manometer connection G¹/₂ A according to EN 837 and Alu housing

- 1 Housing cover with integrated display and adjustment module (optional)
- 2 Housing with electronics
- 3 Process fitting with measuring cell

Type plate

The nameplate contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:

- Article number
- Serial number
- Technical data

	3.2 Principle of operation
Application area	IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 is a pressure transmitter for measurement of overpressure, absolute pressure or vacuum. Measured products are gases, vapours and liquids in measuring ranges up to 4000 bar (400 MPa); with front-flush version also viscous liquids in measuring ranges up to 600 bar (60 MPa).
Functional principle	The process pressure acts on the sensor element via the stainless steel diaphragm and an internal transmission liquid. This causes a resistance change which is converted into a corresponding output signal and outputted as a measured value. With measuring ranges up to 16 bar a pieoresistive sensor element is used, with measuring ranges from 25 bar a strain gauge (DMS) sensor element.
Power supply and bus communication	 Power is supplied via the H1 Fieldbus. A two-wire cable according to Fieldbus specification serves as carrier of both power and digital data for multiple sensors. This cable can be operated in two versions: via an H1 interface card in the control system and additional power supply via a Linking device with HSE (High speed Ethernet) and addi- tional power supply according to IEC 61158-2
DD/CFF	The DD (Device Descriptions) and CFF (capability files) necessary for planning and configuration of your FF (Foundation Fieldbus) com- munication network are available in the download area of the WIKA homepage <u>www.wika.com</u> under " <i>Services</i> ". The appropriate cer- tificates are also available there. A CD with the appropriate files and certificates can be ordered by phone from one of the WIKA agencies.
	The backlight of the display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor. Prerequisite is a certain level of operating voltage.
	The data for power supply are specified in chapter "Technical data".
	3.3 Adjustment
	The instrument can be adjusted with the following adjustment media:
	With the display and adjustment modulea configuration tool
	The entered parameters are generally saved in IPT-1* Vers. 3.0, optionally also in the indicating/adjustment module.
	3.4 Packaging, transport and storage
Packaging	Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.
	The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment- friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.



Caution:

Instruments for oxygen applications are sealed in PE foil and provided with a label "Oxygen! Use no Oil". Remove this foil just before mounting the instrument! See instruction under "*Mounting*".

- Transport
 Transport must be carried out under consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.
- Transport inspectionThe delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit
damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or con-
cealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.

Storage Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.

Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:

- Not in the open
- Dry and dust free
- Not exposed to corrosive media
- Protected against solar radiation
- Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration

Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see chapter "Supplement -Technical data - Ambient conditions"
- Relative humidity 20 ... 85 %

4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

Suitability for the process conditions	Make sure that all parts of the instrument coming in direct contact with the process, especially the sensor element, process seal and process fitting, are suitable for the existing process conditions, such as process pressure, process temperature as well as the chemical properties of the medium.
	You can find the specifications in chapter "Technical data" and on the nameplate.
Diaphragm protection	To protect the diaphragm, the process fitting is covered by a protec- tive cap.
	Remove the protective cap just before installation so that the dia- phragm will not get damaged. It is recommended to keep the cap and use it again later for storage or transport.
Installation position	Select an installation position you can easily reach for mounting and connecting as well as later retrofitting of a display and adjustment module. The housing can be rotated by 330° without the use of any tools. You can also install the display and adjustment module in four different positions (each displaced by 90°).
Moisture	Use the recommended cables (see chapter " <i>Connecting to power supply</i> ") and tighten the cable gland.
	You can give your instrument additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable entry. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This ap- plies mainly to outdoor mounting as well as installation in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) or on



Fig. 2: Measures against moisture penetration

Ventilation and pressure compensation

The ventilation of the electronics housing as well as the atmospheric pressure compensation for the measuring cell are realised via a filter element in the area of the cable gland.



Fig. 3: Position of the filter element

- 1 Filter element
- 2 Blind plug



Caution:

Due to the filter effect, the pressure compensation is time delayed. When opening/closing the housing cover quickly, the measured value can change for a period of approx. 5 s by up to 15 mbar.



Information:

Make sure that the filter element is always free of buildup during operation. A high-pressure cleaner may not be used for cleaning.

Temperature limits

Higher process temperatures mean often also higher ambient temperatures.



Fig. 4: Temperature ranges

- 1 Process temperature
- 2 Ambient temperature

Make sure that the upper temperature limits for the environment of electronics housing and connection cable specified in chapter "*Technical data*" are not exceeded.

Oxygen applications

Instruments in the version "*Oil and grease free for oxygen*" should be unpacked just before mounting. After the protective cover of the process fitting has been removed, the label " O_2 " on the process fitting is visible.



Danger:

Avoid oil, grease or contamination. Explosion danger!

4.2 Mounting instructions

IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 functions in any installation position. It is mounted according to the same directives as a manometer (DIN EN 839-2).1)

Information:

We recommend using lock fittings, measuring instrument holders and siphons from the line of WIKA accessories.

4.3 Mounting steps

To mount IPT-1* Vers. 3.0, a welded socket is necessary. Use components from the line of WIKA mounting accessories.

→ Note the applicable welding standards (segment welding procedure) when welding the socket.

Sealing/Screwing in

Use the seal corresponding to the instrument:

Process fitting GD: Tesnit seal in front of the thread

- or -

Seal the thread with resistant seal material:

- Process fitting GN
- → Screw IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 into the welded socket. Tighten the hexagon on the process fitting with a suitable wrench. Wrench size, see chapter "Dimensional drawings".



Warning:

The housing must not be used to screw the instrument in! Applying tightening force can damage internal parts of the housing.

¹⁾ Probable position correction see chapter "Setup steps".

Installation position

Welding the socket

	5 Connecting to power supply
Note safety instructions	 5.1 Preparing the connection Always keep in mind the following safety instructions: Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed according to Fieldbus specifications
Take note of safety instructions for Ex	In hazardous areas you must take note of the respective regulations, conformity and type approval certificates of the sensors and power supply units.
Select power supply	IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 requires a supply voltage of 9 24 V DC. Supply voltage and the digital bus signal are carried on the same two-wire connection cable. Power is supplied via the H1 power supply.
Select connection cable	IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 is connected with screened cable according to Field- bus specification. Use cable with round cross-section. A cable outer diameter of $5 \dots 9 \text{ mm} (0.2 \dots 0.35 \text{ in})$ ensures the seal effect of the cable gland. If you are using cable with a different diameter or cross-section,
	exchange the seal or use a suitable cable gland. Make sure that the entire installation is carried out according to the Fieldbus specification. In particular, make sure that the bus is termi- nated with suitable terminating resistors.
Cable screening and grounding	With systems with potential equalisation, connect the cable screen directly to ground potential at the power supply unit, in the connection box and at the sensor. The screen in the sensor must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal outside on the housing must be connected to the potential equalisation (low impedance).
	In systems without potential equalisation, connect the cable screen directly to ground potential at the power supply unit and at the sensor. In the connection box or T-distributor, the screen of the short stub to the sensor must not be connected to ground potential or to another cable screen. The cable screens to the power supply unit and to the next distributor must be connected to each other and also connected to ground potential via a ceramic capacitor (e.g. 1 nF, 1500 V). The low frequency potential equalisation currents are thus suppressed, but the protective effect against high frequency interference signals remains.
Æx>	The total capacitance of the cable and of all capacitors must not exceed 10 nF in Ex applications.
Select connection cable for Ex applica- (Ex) tions	Take note of the corresponding installation regulations for Ex applica- tions. In particular, make sure that no potential equalisation currents flow over the cable screen. In case of grounding on both sides this

can be achieved by the use of a capacitor or a separate potential

equalisation.

5.2 Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing cover
- If a display and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turning it slightly to the left.
- 3. Loosen compression nut of the cable entry
- Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx.
 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
- 5. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry
- Lift the opening levers of the terminals with a screwdriver (see following illustration)
- Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan



Fig. 5: Connection steps 6 and 7

- 8. Press down the opening levers of the terminals, you will hear the terminal spring closing
- 9. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- 10. Connect the screen to the internal ground terminal, connect the outer ground terminal to potential equalisation
- 11. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 12. Screw the housing cover back on

The electrical connection is hence finished.

5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Electronics and connection compartment





- 1 Plug connector for service interface
- 2 Spring-loaded terminals for connection of the external indication
- 3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen
- 4 Spring-loaded terminals for Foundation Fieldbus connection
- 5 Simulation switch ("on" = simulation mode)



Fig. 7: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

5.4 Wiring plan, double chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Wiring plan

Fig. 8: Electronics compartment, double chamber housing Simulation switch ("on" = simulation mode) 1 Connection for service 2 3 Internal connection cable to the connection compartment



Fig. 9: Connection compartment, double chamber housing Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply

3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen

1

5 Connecting to power supply

Electronics compartment



2



Wiring plan



Fig. 10: Wiring plan, double chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

Plug M12 x 1 for external display and adjustment unit



Fig. 11: Top view of the plug connector

- 1 Pin 1
- 2 Pin 2
- 3 Pin 3
- 4 Pin 4

Contact pin	Colour connection ca- ble in the sensor	Terminal, electronics module
Pin 1	Brown	5
Pin 2	White	6
Pin 3	Blue	7
Pin 4	Black	8

Electronics compartment



5.5 Wiring plan, double chamber housing Ex d

Fig. 12: Electronics compartment, double chamber housing

- 1 Plug connector for service
- 2 Internal connection cable to the connection compartment
- 3 Terminals for the external display and adjustment unit





Fig. 13: Connection compartment, Ex-d double chamber housing

- 1 Spring-loaded terminals for power supply and cable screen
- 2 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen

Wiring plan





1 Voltage supply, signal output

Plug M12 x 1 for external display and adjustment unit



Fig. 15: Top view of the plug connector

1	Pin	1

- 2 Pin 2
- 3 Pin 3
- 4 Pin 4

Contact pin	Colour connection ca- ble in the sensor	Terminal, electronics module
Pin 1	Brown	5
Pin 2	White	6
Pin 3	Blue	7
Pin 4	Black	8

5.6 Switch-on phase

Switch-on phase

After IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 is connected to voltage supply or after voltage recurrence, the instrument carries out a self-check for approx. 30 seconds. The following steps are carried out:

- Internal check of the electronics
- Indication of the instrument type, the firmware as well as the sensor TAGs (sensor designation)
- Status byte goes briefly to fault value

Then the current measured value will be displayed and the corresponding digital output signal will be outputted to the cable.²⁾

²⁾ The values correspond to the actual measured level as well as to the settings already carried out, e.g. default setting.

6 Set up with the display and adjustment module

6.1 Short description

Function/Configuration

The display and adjustment module is used for measured value display, adjustment and diagnosis. It can be mounted in the following housing versions and instruments:

- All sensors DPT-10 and IPT-1*, in the single as well as double chamber housing (optionally in the electronics or connection compartment)
- External display and adjustment unit

Note:

Т

You can find detailed information on the adjustment in the operating instructions manual "*Display and adjustment module*".

6.2 Insert display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted and removed at any time. It is not necessary to interrupt the voltage supply.

For installation proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing cover
- Place the display and adjustment module in the desired position on the electronics (you can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°)
- 3. Press the display and adjustment module onto the electronics and turn it to the right until it snaps in.
- 4. Screw housing cover with inspection window tightly back on

Removal is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.

Mount/Dismount display and adjustment module



Fig. 16: Insert display and adjustment module

Note:

1

If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher cover with an inspection glass is required.

6.3 Adjustment system



Fig. 17: Display and adjustment elements

- 1 LC display
- 2 Indication of the menu item number
- 3 Adjustment keys

Key	fun	cti	on	s
-----	-----	-----	----	---

- [OK] key:
 - Move to the menu overview
 - Confirm selected menu
 - Edit parameter
 - Save value

• [->] key to select:

- Menu change
- Select list entry
- Select editing position

[+] key:

- Change value of the parameter

• *[ESC]* key:

- Interrupt input
- Jump to the next higher menu

Adjustment systemThe sensor is adjusted via the four keys of the display and adjust-
ment module. The LC display indicates the individual menu items. The
functions of the individual keys are shown in the above illustration.
Approx. 10 minutes after the last pressing of a key, an automatic reset
to measured value indication is triggered. Any values not confirmed
with [OK] will not be saved.

6.4 Setup steps

IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 can be used for level as well as for process pressure measurement. Default setting is level measurement. The mode can be changed in the adjustment menu.

Depending on the application only the respective subchapter "Level or process pressure measurement" is of importance. There, you find the individual adjustment steps.

Level measurement

Set up IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 in the following sequence:

- 1. Selecting adjustment unit/density unit
- 2. Carry out a position correction
- 3. Carry out min. adjustment
- 4. Carry out max. adjustment

In the menu item "*Adjustment unit*" you select the physical unit in which the adjustment should be carried out, e.g. mbar, bar, psi...

The position correction compensates the influence of the mounting position or static pressure on the measurement. It does not influence the adjustment values.

Information:

The steps 1, 3 and 4 are not necessary for instruments which are already preset according to customer specifications!

You can find the data on the type label on the instrument or in the menu items of the min./max. adjustment.

Level or process pressure measurement

Parameter adjustment "Level measurement" Select unit

The display and adjustment module enables the adjustment without filling or pressure. Thanks to this, you can carry out your settings already in the workshop without the instrument having to be installed.

The actual measured value is also displayed in the menu items for min./max. adjustment.

In this menu item you select the adjustment unit as well as the unit for the temperature indication in the display.

To select the adjustment unit (in the example switching over from bar to mbar), proceed as follows:³⁾

1. Push the *[OK]* button in the measured value display, the menu overview is displayed.

Basic adjustment
Display
Diagnostics
Service
Info

2. Confirm the menu "*Basic adjustment*" with [OK], the menu item "Unit" will be displayed.

Unit
Unit of measurement
bar 🔻
Temperature unit
°C▼

- Activate the selection with [OK] and select "Units of measurement with [->].
- Activate the selection with [OK] and select the requested unit with [->] (in the example mbar).
- 5. Confirm with [OK] and move to position correction with [->].

The adjustment unit is thus switched over from bar to mbar.

Information:

When switching over to adjustment in a height unit (in the example from bar to m), the density also has to be entered.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Push the **[OK]** button in the measured value display, the menu overview is displayed.
- Confirm the menu "Basic adjustment" with [OK], the menu item "Units of measurement" will be displayed.
- Activate the selection with [OK] and select the requested unit with [->] (in the example m).
- 4. Confirm with [OK], the submenu "Density unit" appears.

Un	it of measurement
De kg/	nsity unit ′dm³ f
C 1	

³⁾ Selection options: mbar, bar, psi, Pa, kPa, MPa, inHg, mmHg, inH₂O, mmH₂O.

 Select the requested unit, e.g. kg/dm³ with [->] and confirm with [OK], the submenu "Density" appears.

ſ	Unit of measurement
l	Density
l	0001000
l	kg/dm ³

6. Enter the requested density value with *[->]* and *[+]*, confirm with *[OK]* and move to position correction with *[->]*.

The adjustment unit is thus switched over from bar to m.

Proceed as follows to select the temperature unit:4)

- Activate the selection with [OK] and select "Temperature unit with [->].
- Activate the selection with [OK] and select the requested unit with [->] (e.g. °F).
- 3. Confirm with [OK].

The temperature unit is hence switched over from °C to °F.

Carry out a position correction

Proceed as follows:

1. Activate in the menu item "*Position correction*" the selection with *[OK]*.

(Position correction	
	Offset	
	=	V
	+0000 mbar	±∎₽
	53 mbar	

2. Select with [->], e.g. to accept actual measured value.



3. Confirm with [OK] and move to min.(zero) adjustment with [->].

Carry out min. adjustment Proceed as follows:

1. Edit the % value in the menu item "Min. adjustment" with [OK].

ſ	Min. adjustment	_
	+000.0 %	
	+0000.0 mbar	
	0000.0 mbar	

- 2. Set the requested percentage value with [+] and [->].
- 3. Confirm with [OK] and edit the requested mbar value.
- 4. Set the requested mbar value with [+] and [->].
- 5. Confirm with [+] and move to max. adjustment with [->]. The min. adjustment is finished.

4) Selection options: °C, °F.

Information: For an adjustr

For an adjustment with filling, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the message "Outside parameter limits" appears. The editing procedure can be aborted with **[ESC]** or the displayed limit value can be accepted with **[OK]**.

Carry out max. adjustment Proceed as follows:

1. Edit the % value in the menu item "Max. adjustment" with [OK].



Information:

- The displayed pressure for 100 % corresponds to the nominal measuring range of the sensor (in the above example 1 bar = 1000 mbar).
 - 2. Set the requested percentage value with [->] and [OK].
 - 3. Confirm with *[OK]* and edit the requested mbar value.
 - 4. Set the requested mbar value with [+] and [->].
 - 5. Confirm with [OK] and move to the menu overview with [ESC].

The max. adjustment is finished.



For an adjustment with filling, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the message "Outside parameter limits" appears. The editing procedure can be aborted with **[ESC]** or the displayed limit value can be accepted with **[OK]**.

Process pressure measurement

Set up IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 in the following sequence:

- 1. Select application "Process pressure measurement"
- 2. Select the unit of measurement
- 3. Carry out a position correction
- 4. Carrying out zero adjustment
- 5. Carry out span adjustment

In the menu item "Adjustment unit" you select the physical unit in which the adjustment should be carried out, e.g. mbar, bar, psi...

The position correction compensates the influence of the mounting position or static pressure on the measurement. It does not influence the adjustment values.

In the menu items "*zero*" and "*span*" you determine the span of the sensor, the span corresponds to the end value.

Information:

The steps 1, 3 and 4 are not necessary for instruments which are already preset according to customer specifications!

Parameter adjustment "Process pressure measurement" You can find the data on the type label on the instrument or in the menu items of the zero/span adjustment.

The display and adjustment module enables the adjustment without filling or pressure. Thanks to this, you can carry out your settings already in the workshop without the instrument having to be installed.

The actual measured value is displayed in addition to the menu items for zero/span adjustment.

Select application "Process pressure measurement"

IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 is preset to application "Level measurement". Proceed as follows when switching over to application "Process pressure measurement":

- 1. Push the **[OK]** button in the measured value display, the menu overview is displayed.
- 2. Select the menu "Service" with /->/ and confirm with [OK].

	Basic adjustment
	Display
	Diagnostics
►	Service
	Info

3. Select the menu item "Application" with [->] and edit with [OK].

Warning:

Note the warning: "Output can change".

- Select with I->1 "OK" and confirm with IOK1.
- 5. Select "Process pressure" from the list and confirm with [OK].

Select unit

In this menu item you select the adjustment unit as well as the unit for the temperature indication in the display.

To select the adjustment unit (in the example switching over from bar to mbar), proceed as follows:5)

1. Push the [OK] button in the measured value display, the menu overview is displayed.

► B	asic adjustment
D	lisplay
D	liagnostics
S	ervice
lr	nfo

2. Confirm the menu "Basic adjustment" with [OK], the menu item "Unit" will be displayed.

Unit
Unit of measurement
bar▼
Temperature unit
°C▼

- 3. Activate the selection with [OK] and select "Units of measurement with [->].
- ⁵⁾ Selection options: mbar, bar, psi, Pa, kPa, MPa, inHg, mmHg, inH_aO, mmH₂O.

- Activate the selection with [OK] and select the requested unit with [->] (in the example mbar).
- 5. Confirm with [OK] and move to position correction with [->].

The adjustment unit is thus switched over from bar to mbar.

Proceed as follows to select the temperature unit:6)

- Activate the selection with [OK] and select "Temperature unit with [->].
- Activate the selection with [OK] and select the requested unit with [->] (e.g. °F).
- 3. Confirm with [OK].

The temperature unit is hence switched over from °C to °F.

Carry out a position correction

- Proceed as follows:
- 1. Activate in the menu item "*Position correction*" the selection with *[OK]*.



2. Select with [->], e.g. to accept actual measured value.



3. Confirm with [OK] and move to min.(zero) adjustment with [->].

Carrying out zero adjustment Proceed as follows:

1. Edit the mbar value in the menu item "zero" with [OK].



- 2. Set the requested mbar value with [+] and [->].
- 3. Confirm with [+] and move to span adjustment with [->].

The zero adjustment is finished.

Information:

The zero adjustment shifts the value of the span adjustment. The span, i.e. the difference between these values, however, remains unchanged.

Information:

For an adjustment with pressure, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

6) Selection options: °C, °F.

If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the message "Outside parameter limits" appears. The editing procedure can be aborted with **[ESC]** or the displayed limit value can be accepted with **[OK]**.

Carry out span adjustment

Proceed as follows:

1. Edit the mbar value in the menu item "span" with [OK].



Information:

The displayed pressure for 100 % corresponds to the nominal measuring range of the sensor (in the above example 1 bar = 1000 mbar).

- 2. Set the requested mbar value with [->] and [OK].
- 3. Confirm with [OK] and move to the menu overview with [ESC].

The span adjustment is finished.

Information:

For an adjustment with pressure, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the message "*Outside parameter limits*" appears. The editing procedure can be aborted with **[ESC]** or the displayed limit value can be accepted with **[OK]**.

Copy sensor data

This function enables reading out parameter adjustment data as well as writing parameter adjustment data into the sensor via the display and adjustment module. A description of the function is available in the operating instructions manual "*Display and adjustment module*".

The following data are read out or written with this function:

- Measured value presentation
- Adjustment
- Damping
- Linearization curve
- Sensor-TAG
- Displayed value
- Unit of measurement
- Language

The following safety-relevant data are not read out or written:

- PIN
- Application

	Copy sensor data
	Copy sensor data?
,	

Reset

The reset function resets all parameters adjusted by the user to the delivery status and the peak values to the actual values.

	Reset
	Select reset?▼
\bigcap	Reset
	Basic adjustment
	Peak value, measured value
	Peak value, temperature

Basic adjustment

The "*Reset*" "*Basic adjustment*" resets the values of the following menu items:

Menu section	Function	Reset value
Basic settings	Zero/Min. adjustment	Measuring range begin
	Span/Max. adjustment	Measuring range end
	Density	1 kg/l
	Density unit	kg/l
	Damping	0 s
	Linearization	Linear
	Sensor-TAG	Sensor
Display	Displayed value	Al-Out

The values of the following menu items are not reset with "Reset:

Menu section	Function	Reset value
Basic settings	Unit of measurement	No reset
	Temperature unit	No reset
	Position correction	No reset
Display	Backlight	No reset
Service	Language	No reset
	Application	No reset

Default setting

Like basic adjustment, but in addition, special parameters are reset to default values. $^{\mbox{\tiny 7)}}$

Peak value

The min. and max. distance values are reset to the actual value.

Optional settings Additional adjustment and diagnosis options such as e.g. scaling, simulation or trend curve presentation are shown in the following menu schematic. You will find a detailed description of these menu items in the operating instructions manual "Display and adjustment module".

⁷⁾ Special parameters are parameters which are set customer-specifically on the service level with the adjustment software PACTware.

6.5 Menu schematic

Information:

Depending on the version and application, the highlighted menu windows may not always be available.

Basic adjustment



Service



6.10 Saving the parameter adjustment data

We recommended noting the adjusted data, e.g. in this operating instructions manual, and archiving them afterwards. They are thus available for multiple use or service purposes.

If IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the most important data can be read out of the sensor into the display and adjustment module. The procedure is described in the operating instructions manual "*Display and adjustment module*" in the menu item "*Copy sensor data*". The data remain there permanently even if the sensor power supply fails.

If it is necessary to exchange the sensor, the display and adjustment module is inserted into the replacement instrument and the data are written into the sensor under the menu item "*Copy sensor data*".

7 Setup with AMS[™]

7.1 Parameter adjustment with AMS™

For WIKA sensors, instrument descriptions for the adjustment program AMS[™] are available as DD. The instrument descriptions are already implemented in the current version of AMS[™]. For older versions of AMS[™], a free-of-charge download is available via Internet.

Go via www.WIKA.com and "Downloads" to the item "Software".

8 Maintenance and fault rectification

8.1 Maintenance

Maintenance	If the instrument is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation. In some applications, product buildup on the diaphragm can influence the measuring result. Depending on the sensor and application, take precautions to ensure that heavy buildup, and especially a hardening thereof, is avoided.		
Cleaning	The diaphragm should be cleaned if necessary. For this reason, the resistance of the materials to cleaning processes must be ensured. The large variety of chemical seal applications makes special cleaning instructions for each application necessary. Please contact the agency serving you.		
\triangle	Caution: On instruments with a chemical seal, never clean the separating diaphragm mechanically with hard objects, such as tools! This can damage the diaphragm and lead to filling oil leaks.		
	8.2 Rectify	faults	
Reaction when malfunc- tions occur	The operator of th ures to rectify faul	ne system is respo Its.	onsible for taking suitable meas-
Failure reasons	 IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 offers maximum reliability. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. These may be caused by the following, e.g.: Sensor Process Voltage supply Signal processing 		
Fault rectificationThe first measures to be taken are to check the output sign as to evaluate the error messages via the display and adju module. The procedure is described below. Further compr diagnostics can be carried out on a PC with the software F and the suitable DTM. In many cases, the causes can be c and the faults rectified this way.		to check the output signals as well via the display and adjustment d below. Further comprehensive a PC with the software PACTware es, the causes can be determined	
Checking Foundation Fieldbus	The following table describes possible errors and helps to remove them:		
	Error	Cause	Rectification
	When an addition- al instrument is connected, the H1	Max. supply current of the seg- ment coupler	Measure the current consumption, re- duce size of segment

segment fails.

exceeded

Error	Cause	Rectification
Measured val- ue on the display and adjustment module does not correspond to the value in the PLC	The menu item " <i>Display - Display value</i> " is not set to " <i>AI-Out</i> "	Check values and correct, if neces- sary
Instrument does not appear during	Profibus DP cable pole-reversed	Check cable and correct, if necessary
connection setup	Incorrect termi- nation	Check termination at the beginning and end points of the bus and termi- nate, if necessary, according to the specification
	Instrument not connected to the segment	Check and correct, if necessary



Error messages via the display and adjustment module

In Ex applications, the regulations for the wiring of intrinsically safe circuits must be observed.

Error code	Cause	Rectification
E013	no measured value available ¹⁾	 Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair
E017	Adjustment span too small	 repeat with modified values
E036	no operable sensor software	 Carry out a software update or send instrument for repair
E041	Hardware error, elec- tronics defective	 Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair
E113	Communication con- flict	 Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair

Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter "Set up" may have to be carried out again.

8.3 Instrument repair

You can find information for a return shipment under "Service" on our local website.

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

- · Complete one form for each instrument
- If necessary, state a contamination
- · Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and possibly also a safety data sheet to the instrument

9 Dismounting

9.1 Dismounting steps



Warning: Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic products etc.

Take note of chapters "Mounting" and "Connecting to power supply" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

9.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the parts to be easily separable.

Materials: see chapter "Technical data"

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.

10 Supplement

10.1 Technical data

General data

Pressure type	Gauge pressure or gauge pressure
Measuring principle	
 Measuring ranges ≤ 16 bar 	piezoresistive with internal transmission liquid
 Measuring ranges > 16 bar 	Strain gauge (DMS) dry
Service interface	I ² C-Bus
Materials and weights	
316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435,	316Ti corresponds to 1.4571
Materials, wetted parts	
 Process fitting 	316Ti, Hastelloy C4, Hastelloy C276
– Diaphragm	316Ti, Hastelloy C4, Hastelloy C276, Elgiloy
 Diaphragm from measuring range 25 bar, with not flush version 	Elgiloy 2.4711

Seal ring, O-ring

Properties of metallic hygienic fittings

Surface quality, typ.

Materials, non-wetted parts

matorialo, non motioa parto	
 Internal transmission liquid 	Synthetic oil, Halocarbon oil ¹⁾²⁾
- Housing	Plastic PBT, Alu die-casting powder-coated, 316L
 Seal between housing and housing cover 	NBR (stainless steel housing), silicone (Aluminium housing)
 Inspection window in housing cover for display and adjustment module 	Polycarbonate (UL-746-C listed)
 Ground terminal 	316Ti/316L
Ohmic contact	Between ground terminal and process fitting
Weight approx.	1.2 kg (2.646 lbs)

 $R_{a} < 0.8 \, \mu m$

Output variable

Output	
- Signal	digital output signal, Foundation Fieldbus protocol
 Physical layer 	according to IEC 61158-2
Channel Numbers	
- Channel 1	Primary value
– Channel 2	Secondary value 1
– Channel 3	Secondary value 2
- Channel 4	Temperature value
Transmission rate	31.25 Kbit/s
Current value	10 mA. ±0.5 mA

FKM (VP2/A), EPDM (A+P 75.5/KW75F), NBR (COG)

Dynamic behaviour output



Fig. 18: Sudden change of the process variable. t_{τ} : dead time; t_{A} : rise time; t_{S} : jump response time

1 Process variable

2 Output signal

Dead time	≤ 150 ms
Rise time	≤ 100 ms (10 … 90 %)
Step response time	≤ 250 ms (ti: 0 s, 10 \dots 90 %)
Damping (63 % of the input variable)	0 999 s, adjustable

Input variable

Adjustment

Adjustment range of the min./max. adjustment relating to the nominal measuring range:

– Min.	-5 +95 %
– Max.	-5 +105 %

Adjustment range of the zero/span adjustment relating to the nominal measuring range:

- zero	-5 +95 %
– Span	-5 +105 %
Recommended max. turn down	10:1 (no limitation)

Nominal measuring ranges and overload capability in bar/kPa

The specifications are only an overview and refer to the measuring cell. Limitations due to the material and version of the process fitting are possible. The specifications on the nameplate apply.

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pres- sure	
Gauge pressure			
0 +0.4 bar/0 +40 kPa	+2 bar/+200 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +1.6 bar/0 +160 kPa	+10 bar/+1000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +16 bar/0 +1.6 MPa	+80 bar/+8 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +40 bar/0 +4 MPa	+80 bar/+8 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +100 bar/0 +10 MPa	+200 bar/+20 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pres- sure
0 +250 bar/0 +25 MPa	+500 bar/+50 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 +600 bar/0 +60 MPa	+1200 bar/+120 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 +1000 bar/0 +100 MPa	+1500 bar/+150 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 0 bar/-100 0 kPa	+5 bar/+500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 +0.6 bar/-100 +60 kPa	+10 bar/+1000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 +3 bar/-100 +300 kPa	+17 bar/+1700 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 +5 bar/-100 +500 kPa	+35 bar/+3500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 +15 bar/-100 +1.5 MPa	+80 bar/+8 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-0.1 +0.3 bar/-10 +30 kPa	+2 bar/+200 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-0.2 +0.2 bar/-20 +20 kPa	+2 bar/+200 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
Absolute pressure		
0 0.4 bar/0 40 kPa	2 bar/200 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 1.6 bar/0 160 kPa	10 bar/1000 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 6 bar/0 600 kPa	35 bar/3500 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 16 bar/0 1.6 MPa	80 bar/8 MPa	0 bar abs.

Nominal measuring ranges and overload capacity in psi

The specifications are only an overview and refer to the measuring cell. Limitations due to the material and version of the process fitting are possible. The specifications on the nameplate apply.

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pres- sure
Gauge pressure		
0 +5.801 psig	+29.00 psig	-14.50 psig
0 +23.21 psig	+145.0 psig	-14.50 psi
0 +232.1 psig	+1160 psig	-14.5 psig
0 +580.2 psig	+1160 psig	-14.50 psig
0 +1450 psig	+2901 psig	-14.50 psig
0 +3626 psig	+7252 psig	-14.50 psig
0 +8702 psig	+17404 psig	-14.50 psig
0 +14504 psig	+21756 psig	-14.50 psig
-14.50 0 psig	+72.52 psig	-14.50 psig
-1 +8.702 psig	+145.0 psig	-14.50 psig
-1 +43.51 psig	+246.6 psig	-14.50 psig
-1 +72.52 psig	+507.6 psig	-14.50 psig
-1 +217.6 psig	+1160 psig	-14.50 psig
-1.450 +4.351 psig	+29.01 psig	-14.50 psig
-2.901 +2.901 psig	+29.01 psig	-14.50 psig
Absolute pressure	•	*

10 Supplement

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pres- sure
0 5.802 psi	29.01 psi	0 psi
0 23.21 psi	145.0 psi	0 psi
0 87.02 psi	507.6 psi	0 psi
0 232.0 psi	1160 psi	0 psi

Reference conditions and actuating variables (according to DIN EN 60770-1)

Reference conditions according to DIN EN 61298-1

- Temperature	+18 +30 °C (+64 +86 °F)
 Relative humidity 	45 75 %
- Air pressure	860 1060 mbar/86 106 kPa (12.5 15.4 psi)
Determination of characteristics	Limit point adjustment according to IEC 61298-2
Characterstic curve	Linear
Reference installation position	upright, diaphragm points downward
Influence of the installation position	depending on the chemical seal version

Deviation determined according to the limit point method according to IEC 60770³⁾

Applies to **digital** interfaces (HART, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus) as well as to **analogue** current output 4 ... 20 mA. Specifications refer to the set span. Turn down (TD) is the ratio nominal measuring range/set span.

Deviation for measuring ranges 0.4 ... 1000 bar

 Turn down 1 : 1 up to 5 : 1 	< 0.1 %
– Turn down > 5 : 1	< 0.02 % x TD
Deviation for measuring ranges > 1000 ba	ar
- Turn down 1 : 1 up to 2 : 1	< 0.6 %
Deviation with absolute pressure measuri	ng range 0.1 bar
- Turn down 1 : 1 up to 5 : 1	< 0.25 %
– Turn down > 5 : 1	< 0.05 % x TD

Influence of the product or ambient temperature

Thermal change zero signal and output span

Applies to the **digital** signal output (HART, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus) as well as to **ana-logue** current output 4 ... 20 mA and refers to the set span. Turn down (TD) is the ratio nominal measuring range/set span.

Thermal change zero signal and output span, reference temperature 20 °C (68 °F):

 In the compensated temperature 	< 0.05 %/10 K x TD
range 0 +100 °C (+32 +212 °F)	

– Outside the compensated tempera- $$typ. < 0.05 \ \%/10 \ K \ x \ TD$ ture range}$

Thermal change, current output

Applies also to the **analogue** 4 ... 20 mA current output and refers to the set span.

Thermal change, current output < 0.05 %/10 K, max. < 0.15 %, each with -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)



Fig. 19: Thermal change, current output

Long-term stability (according to DIN 16086 and IEC 60770-1)

Applies to **digital** interfaces (HART, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus) as well as to **analogue** current output 4 ... 20 mA. Specifications refer to the set span. Turn down (TD) = nominal measuring range/set span.

Long-term drift of the zero signal

< (0.1 % x TD)/year

Ambient conditions

Ambient, storage and transport temperature

 Standard version 	-40 +80 °C (-40 +176 °F)
 Connection G1 A front-flush according to EHEDG 	-10 +80 °C (+14 +176 °F)
- Version for oxygen applications ⁴⁾	-40 +60 °C (-40 +140 °F)
- Versions IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar) and IP 68 (25 bar), connection cable PUR	-20 +80 °C (-4 +176 °F)
 Version IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar), connec- tion cable PE 	-20 +60 °C (-4 +140 °F)

Process conditions

The specifications are used as an overview. For pressure stage and product temperature the specifications on the type plate are applicable.

Product temperature standard, depending on the seal⁵⁾

– FKM (VP2/A)	-20 +105 °C (-4 +221 °F)
- EPDM (A+P 75.5/KW75F)	-40 +105 °C (-40 +221 °F)
– NBR (COG)	-20 +105 °C (-4 +221 °F)

Product temperature front-flush threaded fitting G1 A according to EHEDG, threaded fitting M44 x 1.25 as well as hygienic fittings, depending on seal⁶⁷⁷

– FKM (VP2/A)	-20 +150 °C (-4 +302 °F)
– EPDM (A+P 75.5/KW75F)	-30 +150 °C (-22 +302 °F)
– NBR (COG)	-20 +150 °C (-4 +302 °F)
Vibration resistance	mechanical vibrations with 4 g and 5 \ldots 100 $Hz^{\scriptscriptstyle (8)}$
Shock resistance	Acceleration 100 g/6 ms ⁹⁾

Electromechanical data - version IP 66	6/IP 67
Cable entry/plug ¹⁰⁾	
- Single chamber housing	- 1 x cable gland M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 9 mm), 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5
	or:
	 1 x closing cap ½ NPT, 1 x blind plug ½ NPT or:
	- 1 [®] x plug (depending on the version), 1 [®] x blind stopper M20 [®] x [®] 1.5
 Double chamber housing 	 1 x cable entry M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 9 mm), 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5; plug M12 x 1 for the external display and adjustment unit (optional) or:
	 1 x closing cap ½ NPT, 1 x blind plug ½ NPT, plug M12 x 1 for the external display and adjustment unit (optional) or:
	 1 x plug (depending on the version), 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5; plug M12 x 1 for the external display and adjustment unit (optional)
Spring-loaded terminals for wire cross- section up to	2.5 mm ² (AWG 14)
Display and adjustment module	
Voltage supply and data transmission	through the sensor
Indication	LC display in dot matrix
Adjustment elements	4 keys
Protection rating	
- unassembled	IP 20
- mounted into the sensor without cover	IP 40
Material	
- Housing	ABS
 Inspection window 	Polyester foil
Voltage supply	
Operating voltage	
 Non-Ex instrument 	9 32 V DC
 Ex ia instrument 	9 24 V DC

- Ex d instrument 9 ... 32 V DC

Operating voltage with illuminated display and adjustment module

- Non-Ex instrument12 ... 32 V DC- Ex-ia instrument12 ... 24 V DCEx d instrument12 ... 32 V DC

Power supply by/max. number of sensors

- Fieldbus

max. 32 (max. 10 with Ex)

Electrical protective measures			
Protection rating			
 Housing, standard 	IP 66/IP 67 ¹¹⁾		
- Process component in IP 68 version	IP 68 (25 bar)		
 External housing 	IP 65		
Overvoltage category	III		
Protection class	II		
A			

Approvals

Depending on the version, instruments with approvals can have different technical data. For these instruments, please note the corresponding approval documents. They are included in the scope of delivery.

10.2 Information on Foundation Fieldbus

Block diagram, measured value processing

The following illustration shows the Transducer Block and Function block in simplified form.



Fig. 20: Transducer Block IPT-1* Vers. 3.0

TB Transducer Block

Al Function Block (AI = Analogue Input)

Diagram, adjustment

The following illustration shows the function of the adjustment:



Fig. 21: Adjustment IPT-1* Vers. 3.0

Parameter list

The following list contains the most important parameters and their meaning:

- primary_value
 - Process Value after min/max-adjustment and linearization. Selected as input to AIFB by setting 'Channel' = 1. Unit derives from 'Primary_value_unit'
- primary_value_unit
 - Unit code of 'Primary_value'
 - %
- secondary_value_1
 - Process pressure. Selected as input to AIFB by setting 'Channel' = 2. Unit derives from 'Secondary_value_1_unit'
- secondary_value_1_unit
 - Unit code of 'Secondary_value_1'
 - bar, PSI, ..., m, ft, ...; in case of length type engineering unit and access to parameters the corresponding values will be converted by density factor
- secondary_value_2
 - Value after min/max-adjustment. Selected as input to AIFB by setting 'Channel' = 3. Unit derives from 'Secondary_value_2_unit'
- secondary_value_2_unit
 - Selected unit code for "secondary_value_2"
- sensor_value
 - Raw sensor value, i.e. the uncalibrated measurement value from the sensor. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- sensor_range
 - "Sensor_range.unit' refers to 'Sensor_value', 'Max/Min_peak_sensor_value', 'Cal_point_hi/lo'
 - includes sensor unit: bar, PSI ...; only unit part of DS-68 is writable
- simulate_primary_value
- simulate_secondary_value_1
- simulate_secondary_value_2
- device status
 - "0.""OK"" 13: ""non-specific error" 17: ""Cal span too small"" 34: ""EEPROM memory fault"" 36: ""ROM memory fault"" 37: ""RAM memory fault"" 40: ""non-specific hardware fault"" 41: ""Sensor element not found"" 42: ""No leaking pulse" 43: ""No trigger signal" 44: ""EMI error"" 113: ""Communication hardware fault""
- linearization type
 - Possible types of linearization are: linear, user defined, cylindrical lying container, spherical container
 - "0: ""Linear"" 1: ""User def"" 20: ""Cylindrical lying container"" 21: ""Spherical container"""
- curve_points_1_10

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- X and Y values for the user defined linearization curve
- curve_points_11_20
 - X and Y values for the user defined linearization curve
- curve_points_21_30
 - X and Y values for the user defined linearization curve
- curve_points_31_33
- X and Y values for the user defined linearization curve
- curve status
 - Result of table plausibility check
 - "0: ""Uninitialized"" 1: ""Good"" 2: ""Not monotonous increasing" 3: ""Not monotonous decreasing" 4: ""Not enough values transmitted" 5: ""Too many values transmitted" 6: ""Gradient of edge too high" 7: ""Values not excepted" 8: ""Table currently loaded" 9: ""Sorting and checking table""
- SUB_DEVICE_NUMBER
- SENSOR_ELEMENT_TYPE
- 0: "non-specific"
- display_source_selector
 - Selects the type of value that is displayed on the indication-/adjustement-module
 - "0: ""Physical value" 1: ""Percent value" 2: ""Lin percent value" 6: ""Out(AI1)" 7: ""Level" 8: ""Out(AI2)" 9: ""Out(AI3)""
- max_peak_sensor_value
 - Holds the maximum sensor value. Write access resets to current value. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
 - Write access resets to current value
- min_peak_sensor_value
 - Holds the minimum sensor value. Write access resets to current value. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
 - Write access resets to current value
- CAL_POINT_HI
 - Highest calibrated value. For calibration of the high limit point you give the high measurement value (pressure) to the sensor and transfer this point as HIGH to the transmitter. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- CAL_POINT_LO
 - Lowest calibrated value. For calibration of the low limit point you give the low measurement value (pressure) to the sensor and transfer this point as LOW to the transmitter. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- CAL_MIN_SPAN
 - Minimum calibration span value allowed. Necessary to ensure that when calibration is done, the two calibrated points (high and low) are not too close together. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- SCALE_IN
 - Min/max-adjustment: Upper and lower calibrated points of the sensor. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- trimmed_value
 - Sensor value after the trim processing. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- sensor_sn
 - Sensor serial number
- temperature
 - Process temperature. Selected as input to AIFB by setting 'Channel' = 4. Unit derives from 'Temperature.unit'
- temperature_unit
 - Unit code of 'Temperature', 'Max/Min_peak_temperature_value'
 - °C, °F, K, °R

- max_peak_temperature_value
 - Holds the maximum process temperature. Write access resets to current value. Unit derives from 'Temperature.unit'
 - Write access resets to current value
- min_peak_temperature_value
 - Holds the minimum process temperature. Write access resets to current value. Unit derives from 'Temperature.unit'
 - Write access resets to current value

10.3 Dimensions

Plastic housing



Fig. 22: Housing versions in protection IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar) - with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher

- 1 Single chamber version
- 2 Double chamber version

Aluminium housing



Fig. 23: Housing versions in protection IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar) - with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher

- 1 Single chamber version
- 2 Double chamber version

Stainless steel housing



Fig. 24: Housing versions in protection IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar) - with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher

- 1 Single chamber version, electropolished
- 2 Single chamber version, precision casting
- 3 Double chamber version, precision casting

External housing with IP 68 version



Fig. 25: IP 68 version with external housing - plastic version

- 1 Lateral cable outlet
- 2 Axial cable outlet



Fig. 26: IP 68 version with external housing - stainless steel version

- 1 Lateral cable outlet
- 2 Axial cable outlet

IPT-1* Vers. 3.0, threaded fitting



Fig. 27: IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 GD = G½ EN 837, ND = ½ NPT, ML = M16 x 1.5 inner, MI = M20 x 1.5 inner





Fig. 28: IPT-1* Vers. 3.0 85 = G1 A front-flush 0 ... 0.4 bar and 0 ... 1.6 bar, 86 = $G\frac{1}{2}$ A front-flush > 1.6 bar, 84 = G1 A front-flush up to 150 °C according to EHEDG 0 ... 0.4 bar and 0 ... 16 bar





Fig. 29: IPT-1* Vers. 3.0, SA = Tri-Clamp 2", RA = bolting DN 40/PN 40 according to DIN 11851, RT = Tri-Clamp 1½", 3T = DRD, 3R = Varivent Form F

Printing date:



All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.



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